

Appalachian GA Airports AAM Readiness



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Advanced Air Mobility (AAM)

The past decade has seen the development of a new generation of versatile electric aircraft with many potential uses.



Most are familiar.





Advanced Air Mobility (AAM)

A new generation of versatile, economical electric aircraft with many potential uses that could benefit Appalachia







The "Electric Aviation Future" has begun

AAM Early Adopters

- Emergency response
- Commercial delivery
- Flight instruction
- Tourism
- Air cargo
- Military









Electric aviation is real, and airports everywhere aren't ready







Appalachian General Aviation

230 +/- General Aviation (GA) public airports owned by local governments in 13 states

NC = 13

No commercial service, but base to 7,238 aircraft with 4.2 million flights annually 65% of GA flights are for business, military, medical, and emergency response







AAM Readiness Can Magnify Aviation Benefits



AAM will increase aviation benefits to Appalachia, but only if the region's airports are updated to provide the required utility capacity, charging capability, and supportive infrastructure for uses deemed important to their communities.

GA airports are public assets owned, financed, and managed by local government





Planning Study Partnership

















Planning Stage Airports

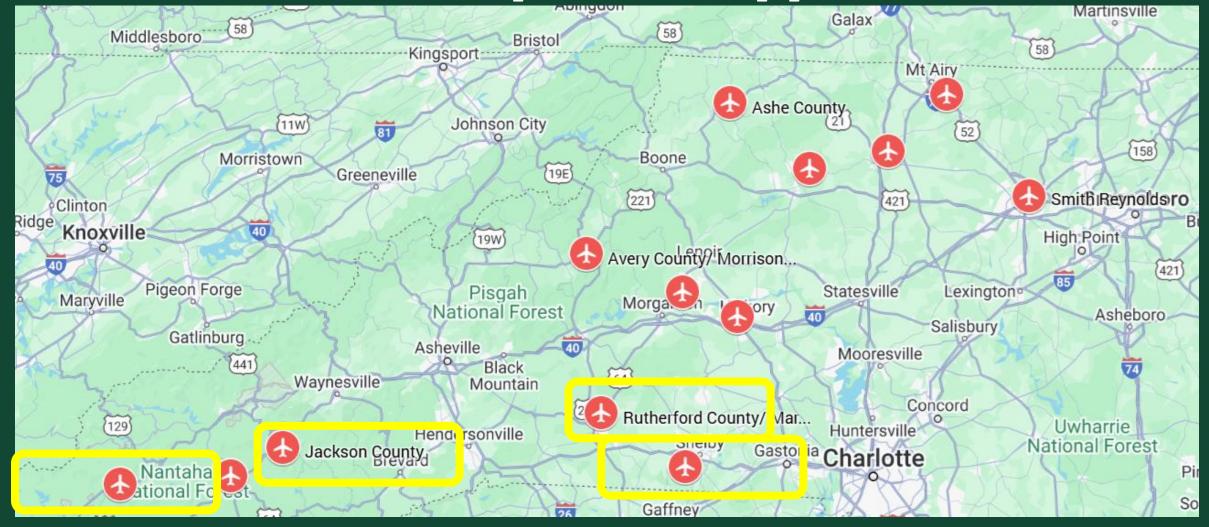
37 Appalachian GA Airports in economically challenged counties of Kentucky (19), North Carolina (4), and Ohio (14)

Implementation models for Appalachia's 230+ general aviation airports





4 of 13 GA Airports in Appalachian NC







Foothills Commission Study Airports





- 1975: owned and operated by Rutherford County airport Authority
- 280 acres; 5,000' runway
- 12,150 annual aircraft operations; 46 based aircraft

Shelby-Cleveland County Regional

- 1958: owned and operated by City of Shelby
- 225 acres; 5,001' runway
- 18,200 annual aircraft operations; 66 based aircraft



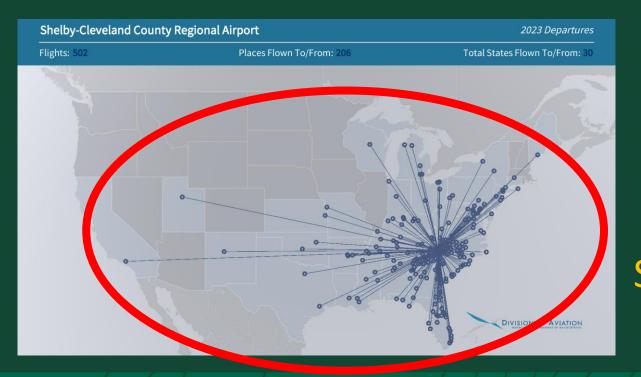


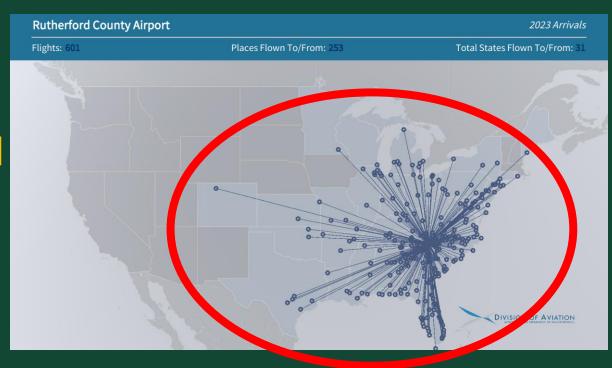






Rutherford County/Marchman Field





Shelby-Cleveland County Regional





Appalachian AAM Uses Examined

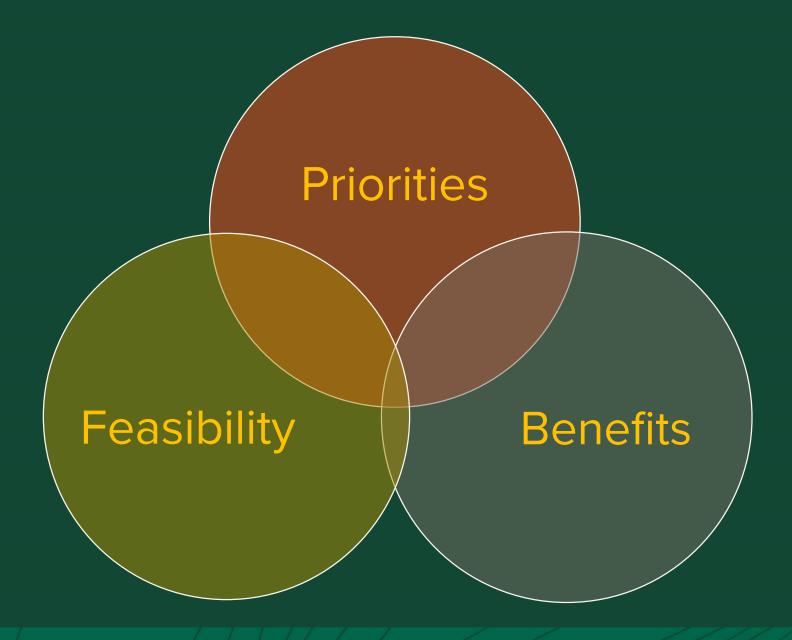
1. On-Demand Air Taxi

- 2. Regional Air Mobility
- 3. Airport Shuttle
- 4. Emergency Services
- 5. Business Aviation
- 6. Cargo Delivery
- 7. Flight Instruction
- 8. Tourism
- 9. Leisure









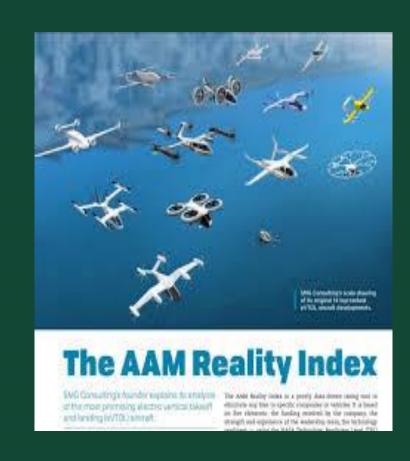




AAM Use Case Feasibility

- State of technical, regulatory, and commercial development
- Consistency with cohort airports' existing conventional aircraft use cases
- Airport managements' market insights
- Geographic and economic context (ITRE)

AAM Use Cases mirror existing GA airport activity







AAM Use Case Benefits

Assess potential AAM use case benefits to their host communities

- GA economic analysis literature
- Community, regional, and state economic development officials
- Aviation and AAM industry representatives







Community AAM Priorities

Engagements with regional development organizations' (LDDs) leadership, staff, and local officials to prioritize AAM use cases

- 15 LDDs host the 37 project airports
- Economic strategies (CEDS) examined for aviation role
- Engagement with all LDDs to identify priorities



































On-Demand Air Taxi

Non-scheduled local point-topoint transportation (Uber)

(Competes with conventional helicopters)







Regional Air Mobility



Scheduled or on-demand transportation between cities over 50 to 150+ miles

Drive vs flight time/mileage differential











Scheduled or on-demand transportation between major and regional airports and Appalachian towns and cities











- Search-and-rescue operations
- Disaster response
- Emergency medical
- Patient/equipment/organ delivery











Air Commerce uses for larger market access, customer service, product/service delivery, and interfacility travel











Rapid logistics operations by Appalachian businesses:

- Pharmaceutical packages
- Food from local restaurants
- Local business products/packages
- Amazon and Walmart packages







Flight Instruction

Flight instruction makes up about 24% of all GA activity, doubling over past decade

Workforce training for pilots and aviation employees has high near- and long-term impacts











Transportation of visitors and air tours that are quieter and less intrusive

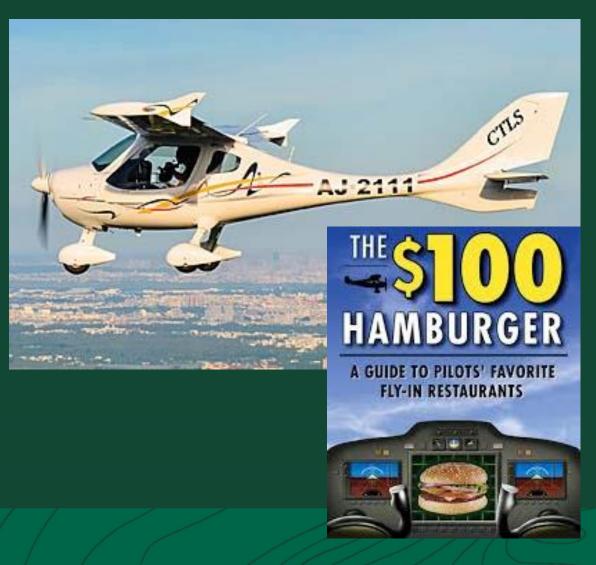






Leisure

Recreational flying by owners or renters of private aircraft, rather than for business purposes







LDD Engagement Top 3 Results

Ohio-4 LDDs

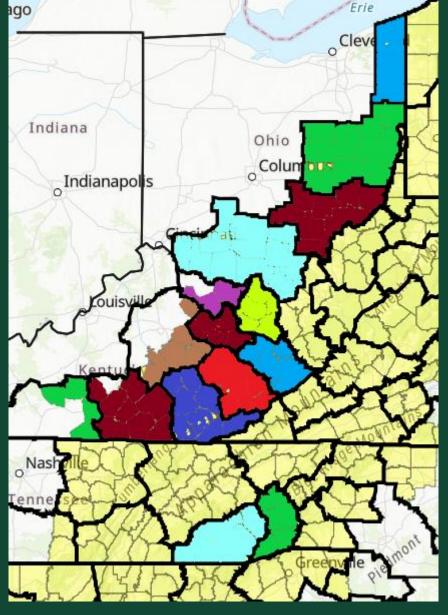
- Airport Shuttle
- Emergency Services
- Cargo Delivery

Kentucky-9 LDDs

- Emergency Services
- Business Aviation
- Tourism

North Carolina-4 LDDs

- Regional Air Mobility
- Emergency Services
- Cargo Delivery







Appalachian AAM Use Cases







Appalachia's AAM Scenarios

- Emergency response: AAM deployment in search and rescue, critical logistics, and medical supply
- Aviation education: increase GA flight instruction, maintenance, and other aerospace training through AAM
- Air Commerce: Expedite current and future high value business aviation activity by Appalachian firms
- Regional Air Mobility: Intra- and inter-regional multimodal aviation access hubs to expand commercial service



Rutherford County/Marchman Field Airport (FQD)

Rutherfordton, North Carolina



12,150 Total Operations



55 Based Aircraft



5,000 Max Runway Length



500 Military Operations



Annual Air Taxi Operations



160

Flights within Ideal Electric Vehicle Range (80 miles)

Electric Infrastructure Readiness



Substations within 5 Miles



N/A 3 Phase, 240v On-site



206

Aerodromes within 80 miles¹



Duke Energy





Feasibility Analysis

GIS Variable / Use Case	On-Demand Air Taxi	Regional Air Mobility	Airport Shuttle	Emergency Medical Services	Corporate and Business Aviation	Cargo and Freight Delivery	Flight Training	Tourism	Leisure
Airspace Penalty									
Jobs within 80 miles of Airport									
Population within 80 miles									
Average Time to Work									
Per Capita Income within 80 miles									
No. of Trauma Centers within 80 miles									
Absence of Major Roads within 80 miles									
Hotels within 30 miles									
Airport Operations									
Airports within 80 miles									
Total Population Closest to this Airport									
Number of Substations within 5 miles									
Mean Precipitation									
Has 3-Phase Power									

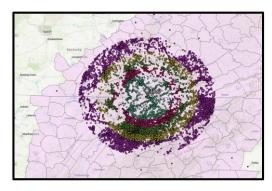


Figure 1. Visual Depiction of Proximate Jobs Analysis

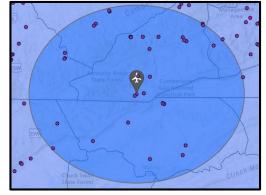


Figure 2. Visual Depiction of Substations Analysis



Top 20 - Feasibility Analysis Results

Not Including Three-Phase Power As a Variable

Rank	Airport	Code	County	City	State	Total Points
1	Geary A Bates/ Jefferson County	2G2	Jefferson	Wintersville	OH	770.6
2	Shelby-Cleveland County Regional	EHO	Cleveland	Shelby	NC	678.2
3	Highland County	HOC	Highland	Hillsboro	OH	597.8
4	Richard Downing	140	Coshocton	Coshocton	OH	581.0
5	Madison	RGA	Madison	Richmond	KY	569.8
6	Northeast Ohio Regional	HZY	Ashtabula	Jefferson	OH	509.7
7	Ohio University	UNI	Athens	Albany	OH	480.4
8	Rutherford County/ Marchman Field	FQD	Rutherford	Rutherfordton	NC	477.5
9	Mount Sterling/ Montgomery County	IOB	Montgomery	Mt. Sterling	KY	459.7
10	Cambridge Municipal	CDI	Guernsey	Cambridge	OH	450.5
11	Vinton County Airpark	221	Vinton	New Plymouth	OH	436.1
12	Pike County	EOP	Pike	Waverly	OH	423.2
13	Alexander Salamon	AMT	Adams	Winchester	OH	419.8
14	Ashland Regional	DWU	Boyd	Worthington	KY	407.4
15	Lawrence County Airpark	HTW	Lawrence	South Point	OH	394.4
16	Monroe County	4G5	Monroe	Woodsfield	OH	383.6
17	Greater Portsmouth Regional	PMH	Scioto	Portsmouth	OH	379.9
18	Lake Cumberland Regional	SME	Pulaski	Somerset	KY	379.3
19	Fleming-Mason	FGX	Fleming	Maysville	KY	378.4
20	London/Corbin/Magee	LOZ	Laurel	London	KY	360.3



AAM Readiness Varies...

- AAM Use Case scenario mix
- Aircraft types
- Flight activity levels
- Area utility grid adequacy



Identify and address airport-specific needs





...but Baseline Need = 480V, 3-Phase

Electric aircraft charging expected to require 480V, 3-Phase at charging levels 50kW to 3 MW

480V, 3-Phase is the most common power system used in US industrial and commercial sites

GA airports typically receive service from a single-phase overhead distribution line and a single transformer.

3-phase power has many additional uses for airportassociated economic development







Key Findings Summary

- 1. The AAM future is already occurring
- 2. Likeliest AAM use cases mirror existing GA aviation activity
- 3. Aviation underemphasized in local development
- 4. Addressing community priorities necessary for AAM support
- 5. Readiness requirements will vary, but baseline = 480V, 3-phase power...and eventually chargers





Appalachian GA Airports AAM Readiness



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Charge CubePermanent Charge Solution

480 Vac, 3 Phase, 60 Hz

420 Amps

320 kW

13

Mobile Charge Solution

Mini Cube

480Vac, 3 Phase, 60 Hz 20–60 Amps, *Configurable*

40 kW

Up to 1,000 Vdc Up to 1,000 Vdc

Wisconsin Michigan New ork RME lowa JHW ELM Pennra vania Ohio CAK Illinois Indiana AGC SGH MTO BAK Missouri Kentucky PCD BCB BKT UNO Tennessee North na VBT ARG Carolii Arkansas South Carolin FLO AGS MCN JAN MGM CEW LCH HUM GLS ORL

AC VOLTAGE CONNECTION

480 Vac, 3 Phase, 60 Hz

480Vac, 3 Phase, 60 Hz

AC GRID CURRENT

420 Amps

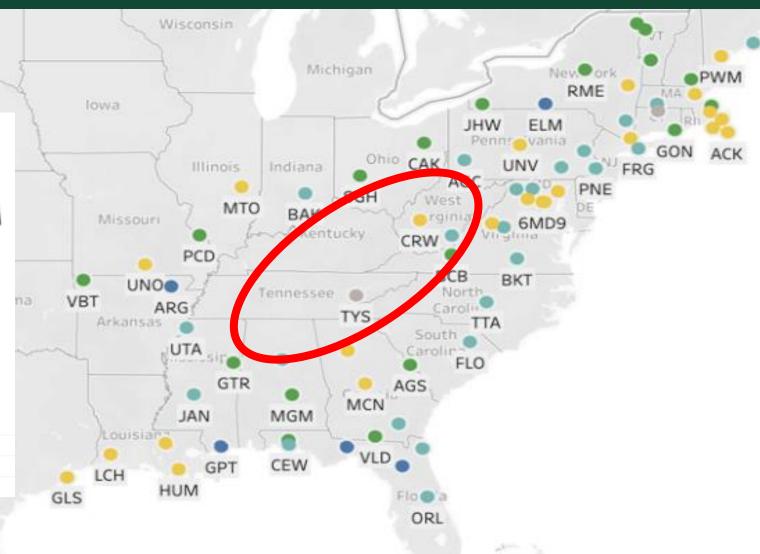
20–60 Amps, Configurable



GON











Charging System Cost?

BETA Technologies charging system installations are averaging \$765,000

Cost variances driven by 3-phase power availability and siting issues

